



1  
00:00:08,790 --> 00:00:07,430  
um

2  
00:00:10,470 --> 00:00:08,800  
some of the ways we can look at trying

3  
00:00:12,549 --> 00:00:10,480  
to understand who astroviolets are is

4  
00:00:15,190 --> 00:00:12,559  
collecting a couple points of data on

5  
00:00:16,870 --> 00:00:15,200  
the first is academic age academic age

6  
00:00:19,029 --> 00:00:16,880  
is traditionally defined as the year in

7  
00:00:20,950 --> 00:00:19,039  
which a person publishes their first

8  
00:00:23,349 --> 00:00:20,960  
paper in a peer-reviewed journal

9  
00:00:24,790 --> 00:00:23,359  
for my purposes i couldn't use that so i

10  
00:00:26,070 --> 00:00:24,800  
looked at the year in which person got

11  
00:00:27,670 --> 00:00:26,080  
their phd

12  
00:00:28,870 --> 00:00:27,680  
next is what discipline do they come

13  
00:00:30,630 --> 00:00:28,880

from

14

00:00:32,229 --> 00:00:30,640

the easiest way to do that for me was to

15

00:00:34,150 --> 00:00:32,239

look at what field they say their

16

00:00:35,590 --> 00:00:34,160

dissertations in

17

00:00:37,030 --> 00:00:35,600

and the last is

18

00:00:39,350 --> 00:00:37,040

do they continue to participate in

19

00:00:41,030 --> 00:00:39,360

astrobiology meaning when someone says

20

00:00:43,270 --> 00:00:41,040

they're an astrobiologist

21

00:00:44,470 --> 00:00:43,280

do they keep on being an astrobiologist

22

00:00:46,389 --> 00:00:44,480

or do they give up and go on to a

23

00:00:49,670 --> 00:00:46,399

different discipline and are there new

24

00:00:53,110 --> 00:00:50,470

now

25

00:00:55,029 --> 00:00:53,120

um for purposes of my study

26

00:00:56,310 --> 00:00:55,039

it was difficult to find astrobiologists

27

00:00:58,470 --> 00:00:56,320

in the wild

28

00:01:00,709 --> 00:00:58,480

because they're spread across a lot of

29

00:01:02,709 --> 00:01:00,719

different diverse disciplines right

30

00:01:05,189 --> 00:01:02,719

so the easiest way to do that was to let

31

00:01:07,030 --> 00:01:05,199

them self select and look at who shows

32

00:01:09,190 --> 00:01:07,040

up to absycon

33

00:01:13,109 --> 00:01:09,200

so i randomly selected

34

00:01:15,590 --> 00:01:13,119

the presenters of apps icon 2002 to

35

00:01:17,749 --> 00:01:15,600

through 2012.

36

00:01:21,910 --> 00:01:17,759

then i figured out when they got their

37

00:01:24,230 --> 00:01:21,920

phd and what field they got it in

38

00:01:27,429 --> 00:01:24,240

this is the distribution of fields that

39

00:01:29,190 --> 00:01:27,439

people got their phds in

40

00:01:31,510 --> 00:01:29,200

now the important thing to look at here

41

00:01:32,710 --> 00:01:31,520

is you have a few core disciplines on

42

00:01:34,950 --> 00:01:32,720

the far left

43

00:01:36,710 --> 00:01:34,960

that a lot of people were in and then

44

00:01:39,590 --> 00:01:36,720

you have a whole bunch where there was

45

00:01:42,469 --> 00:01:39,600

only one person in all of those

46

00:01:44,789 --> 00:01:42,479

this is a measure of multidisciplinary

47

00:01:46,870 --> 00:01:44,799

and the question is how much is good for

48

00:01:48,469 --> 00:01:46,880

astrobiology to continue growing and

49

00:01:51,350 --> 00:01:48,479

then is there a point at which you get

50

00:01:53,270 --> 00:01:51,360

too much in the field fractures

51  
00:01:54,469 --> 00:01:53,280  
like do some of these people team up

52  
00:01:56,789 --> 00:01:54,479  
with some of the other ones and then you

53  
00:01:58,389 --> 00:01:56,799  
end up with two different things though

54  
00:02:03,109 --> 00:01:58,399  
astrobiology right

55  
00:02:06,830 --> 00:02:04,550  
you have a couple weird ones up there

56  
00:02:08,550 --> 00:02:06,840  
that i don't fully understand like

57  
00:02:09,589 --> 00:02:08,560  
neuroscience

58  
00:02:10,869 --> 00:02:09,599  
um

59  
00:02:12,630 --> 00:02:10,879  
i get

60  
00:02:14,790 --> 00:02:12,640  
paleobiology

61  
00:02:16,710 --> 00:02:14,800  
and you know geology and chemistry those

62  
00:02:17,910 --> 00:02:16,720  
were the two biggest

63  
00:02:19,750 --> 00:02:17,920

um

64

00:02:21,270 --> 00:02:19,760

genetics yeah but

65

00:02:23,270 --> 00:02:21,280

it was also difficult because it's hard

66

00:02:24,869 --> 00:02:23,280

to come up with an ontology or taxonomy

67

00:02:27,110 --> 00:02:24,879

for science because some of these are

68

00:02:28,390 --> 00:02:27,120

clearly related but it's hard to like

69

00:02:32,710 --> 00:02:28,400

mush them together into larger

70

00:02:36,390 --> 00:02:33,830

so now we're going to talk about

71

00:02:38,390 --> 00:02:36,400

academic age so what year did the people

72

00:02:39,670 --> 00:02:38,400

get their phd

73

00:02:42,309 --> 00:02:39,680

you have

74

00:02:44,070 --> 00:02:42,319

one at 1950 which would be your oldest

75

00:02:46,550 --> 00:02:44,080

and then you have one at two in the two

76  
00:02:50,390 --> 00:02:46,560  
decades of the 2010s which makes sense

77  
00:02:51,750 --> 00:02:50,400  
because my data stopped in 2012.

78  
00:02:53,430 --> 00:02:51,760  
so what does a healthy feel like

79  
00:02:55,270 --> 00:02:53,440  
astrobiology look like

80  
00:02:57,830 --> 00:02:55,280  
you'd expect to find people that are

81  
00:03:00,949 --> 00:02:57,840  
older and people that are younger which

82  
00:03:04,229 --> 00:03:00,959  
is what the data shows

83  
00:03:06,470 --> 00:03:04,239  
this is the academic age calculated at

84  
00:03:07,990 --> 00:03:06,480  
the time of the conference

85  
00:03:10,070 --> 00:03:08,000  
and what's interesting at this is that

86  
00:03:12,790 --> 00:03:10,080  
you have a wide distribution

87  
00:03:14,309 --> 00:03:12,800  
right if astrobiology wasn't

88  
00:03:15,750 --> 00:03:14,319

progressing very healthily you would see

89

00:03:18,149 --> 00:03:15,760

like a whole bunch of people

90

00:03:19,990 --> 00:03:18,159

at the bottom some people at the top but

91

00:03:21,670 --> 00:03:20,000

nobody in the middle

92

00:03:23,430 --> 00:03:21,680

meaning that

93

00:03:25,190 --> 00:03:23,440

as people get trained as astrobiologists

94

00:03:26,790 --> 00:03:25,200

they're going up the ranks

95

00:03:28,869 --> 00:03:26,800

they're getting a postdoc and going on

96

00:03:30,149 --> 00:03:28,879

to fact so on and so forth

97

00:03:32,070 --> 00:03:30,159

and then the people with negative

98

00:03:34,470 --> 00:03:32,080

numbers for academic age which is the

99

00:03:36,789 --> 00:03:34,480

sorry academic age is the blue bars

100

00:03:38,229 --> 00:03:36,799

and the orange bars of participation

101  
00:03:39,589 --> 00:03:38,239  
people the negative numbers means they

102  
00:03:42,149 --> 00:03:39,599  
got their

103  
00:03:43,430 --> 00:03:42,159  
phd after the conference which is also

104  
00:03:46,470 --> 00:03:43,440  
good because that means that the grad

105  
00:03:49,830 --> 00:03:46,480  
students that showed up progressed on

106  
00:03:54,149 --> 00:03:49,840  
and you can see the pattern holds

107  
00:03:58,149 --> 00:03:56,149  
now we'll look at participation

108  
00:03:59,830 --> 00:03:58,159  
this is the part where we talk about

109  
00:04:01,270 --> 00:03:59,840  
if the field is healthy people show up

110  
00:04:04,470 --> 00:04:01,280  
at the conference and then keep showing

111  
00:04:09,990 --> 00:04:07,750  
and then obviously uh 2000 and each year

112  
00:04:12,149 --> 00:04:10,000  
that i pick is going to be uh 20 you

113  
00:04:15,270 --> 00:04:12,159

know the full 20

114

00:04:18,150 --> 00:04:15,280

um and then it's the following years

115

00:04:20,069 --> 00:04:18,160

so you see this pattern develop here

116

00:04:21,189 --> 00:04:20,079

where you know it's pretty strong people

117

00:04:23,110 --> 00:04:21,199

are showing up

118

00:04:25,030 --> 00:04:23,120

at pretty good rates

119

00:04:26,390 --> 00:04:25,040

then you get here we get more on the

120

00:04:28,070 --> 00:04:26,400

front end

121

00:04:29,510 --> 00:04:28,080

meaning that they showed up in 2008 when

122

00:04:31,189 --> 00:04:29,520

i collected their name

123

00:04:33,030 --> 00:04:31,199

and then they the participation rate was

124

00:04:34,390 --> 00:04:33,040

pretty high going on

125

00:04:36,310 --> 00:04:34,400

and you get this one

126

00:04:38,230 --> 00:04:36,320

same pattern

127

00:04:40,150 --> 00:04:38,240

this one because it's 2012 you can't

128

00:04:41,510 --> 00:04:40,160

really look at it but what that means is

129

00:04:43,670 --> 00:04:41,520

that you have new people coming into the

130

00:04:45,189 --> 00:04:43,680

field and they continue to stay at least

131

00:04:48,310 --> 00:04:45,199

for a few years

132

00:04:48,320 --> 00:04:51,189

this is you guys

133

00:04:54,550 --> 00:04:51,909

now

134

00:04:57,110 --> 00:04:54,560

what's the big problem with my study

135

00:04:58,390 --> 00:04:57,120

how do you find an astrobiologist

136

00:04:59,590 --> 00:04:58,400

obviously there's a bunch of you here

137

00:05:00,710 --> 00:04:59,600

now

138

00:05:02,070 --> 00:05:00,720

but

139

00:05:04,230 --> 00:05:02,080

how do you identify them because they're

140

00:05:05,590 --> 00:05:04,240

in all sorts of different disciplines

141

00:05:07,110 --> 00:05:05,600

i can tell you for sure that there's one

142

00:05:08,790 --> 00:05:07,120

person up there that's not an

143

00:05:10,390 --> 00:05:08,800

astrobiologist and they're not in the

144

00:05:11,590 --> 00:05:10,400

right category

145

00:05:13,350 --> 00:05:11,600

that would be me

146

00:05:14,950 --> 00:05:13,360

education

147

00:05:16,150 --> 00:05:14,960

i'm actually an information scientist

148

00:05:18,310 --> 00:05:16,160

like i said

149

00:05:19,670 --> 00:05:18,320

but how many of you think that

150

00:05:21,830 --> 00:05:19,680

you would like me to collect out on you

151

00:05:25,270 --> 00:05:21,840

and call you a planetary scientist

152

00:05:27,029 --> 00:05:25,280

or do you think it's something else

153

00:05:29,590 --> 00:05:27,039

you have something

154

00:05:33,189 --> 00:05:29,600

oh you are a planetary scientist so we

155

00:05:35,189 --> 00:05:33,199

have one one planetary scientist

156

00:05:36,550 --> 00:05:35,199

now a few okay

157

00:05:38,390 --> 00:05:36,560

but that's the problem with these sorts

158

00:05:40,070 --> 00:05:38,400

of studies is getting good data on

159

00:05:42,310 --> 00:05:40,080

academics because they bounce around and

160

00:05:44,150 --> 00:05:42,320

so forth

161

00:05:45,909 --> 00:05:44,160

and also i guess the question is how

162

00:05:47,909 --> 00:05:45,919

much multidisciplinary do you guys

163

00:05:49,430 --> 00:05:47,919

want in the field how much do you think

164

00:05:51,270 --> 00:05:49,440

is healthy

165

00:05:52,950 --> 00:05:51,280

is it good that we have this many

166

00:05:54,950 --> 00:05:52,960

biologists showing up

167

00:05:57,510 --> 00:05:54,960

do we need more astronomy people i mean

168

00:05:58,950 --> 00:05:57,520

what's what's the mix you're after

169

00:06:00,710 --> 00:05:58,960

now obviously that's not a question that

170

00:06:02,629 --> 00:06:00,720

any individual can answer but when you

171

00:06:05,510 --> 00:06:02,639

talk about studying emerging fields

172

00:06:07,029 --> 00:06:05,520

these questions become relevant

173

00:06:10,230 --> 00:06:07,039

i think i got through that quick enough

174

00:06:10,240 --> 00:06:26,309

questions questions

175

00:06:29,830 --> 00:06:28,070

so you were studying absycon which

176

00:06:31,189 --> 00:06:29,840

obviously is an american-based

177

00:06:33,110 --> 00:06:31,199

conference how much do you think your

178

00:06:35,350 --> 00:06:33,120

data would have been affected by people

179

00:06:36,870 --> 00:06:35,360

who may have attended for a couple of

180

00:06:39,189 --> 00:06:36,880

times because they were studying in the

181

00:06:40,710 --> 00:06:39,199

us and then stopped attending because

182

00:06:42,629 --> 00:06:40,720

they had to come back to the us to

183

00:06:45,270 --> 00:06:42,639

attend like by the the presence of an

184

00:06:47,749 --> 00:06:45,280

international community a lot but

185

00:06:49,510 --> 00:06:47,759

because there was no good methodology

186

00:06:51,189 --> 00:06:49,520

that i could come up with

187

00:06:52,790 --> 00:06:51,199

that was the frankly the best i could do

188

00:06:54,710 --> 00:06:52,800

and the data is not perfect it's far

189

00:06:57,830 --> 00:06:54,720

from but that was as close as i could

190

00:07:01,110 --> 00:06:59,909

uh so i noticed that there

191

00:07:02,629 --> 00:07:01,120

you pointed out that there are a couple

192

00:07:04,710 --> 00:07:02,639

of spikes and things like that in your

193

00:07:06,950 --> 00:07:04,720

in your graphs um but how much of it do

194

00:07:08,950 --> 00:07:06,960

you think is related to how much funding

195

00:07:10,309 --> 00:07:08,960

we're getting for doing astrobiology

196

00:07:12,070 --> 00:07:10,319

research or have you not looked into

197

00:07:14,070 --> 00:07:12,080

that yeah

198

00:07:16,070 --> 00:07:14,080

well i think a lot of these spikes like

199

00:07:18,629 --> 00:07:16,080

these ones are probably related to the

200

00:07:20,469 --> 00:07:18,639

size of the conference but and it's

201  
00:07:21,990 --> 00:07:20,479  
probably related to how much funding

202  
00:07:23,670 --> 00:07:22,000  
people are getting

203  
00:07:25,670 --> 00:07:23,680  
but that would be an interesting data

204  
00:07:30,870 --> 00:07:25,680  
point i could try to pull out

205  
00:07:35,830 --> 00:07:32,550  
the title of your talk was health and

206  
00:07:38,790 --> 00:07:35,840  
robustness of our field um maybe i

207  
00:07:39,749 --> 00:07:38,800  
missed it did you give us an answer

208  
00:07:41,029 --> 00:07:39,759  
well

209  
00:07:42,870 --> 00:07:41,039  
just let me follow up on that i was

210  
00:07:45,029 --> 00:07:42,880  
wondering if you'd done similar

211  
00:07:47,029 --> 00:07:45,039  
evaluations of other emerging fields

212  
00:07:49,990 --> 00:07:47,039  
that would help us get an idea of you

213  
00:07:51,430 --> 00:07:50,000

know are we robust and healthy or

214

00:07:53,110 --> 00:07:51,440

decrepit

215

00:07:55,670 --> 00:07:53,120

well

216

00:07:59,110 --> 00:07:55,680

okay so the data so far many of the

217

00:08:01,909 --> 00:07:59,120

years for academic age and participation

218

00:08:04,150 --> 00:08:01,919

show that there are people at all three

219

00:08:06,629 --> 00:08:04,160

sort of levels right so you have grad

220

00:08:08,390 --> 00:08:06,639

students uh people sort of mid-career

221

00:08:10,390 --> 00:08:08,400

and people later in the career

222

00:08:12,070 --> 00:08:10,400

that's good because it indicates the

223

00:08:14,230 --> 00:08:12,080

likelihood that people that are grad

224

00:08:16,230 --> 00:08:14,240

students have the opportunity to pursue

225

00:08:17,990 --> 00:08:16,240

this way it also means that people that

226

00:08:20,070 --> 00:08:18,000

it were around before there was much of

227

00:08:21,990 --> 00:08:20,080

a notion of astrobiology are coming into

228

00:08:23,749 --> 00:08:22,000

the field so you're getting a good mix

229

00:08:26,230 --> 00:08:23,759

of ages which is good for a healthy

230

00:08:27,670 --> 00:08:26,240

field an unhealthy field would would be

231

00:08:29,909 --> 00:08:27,680

where you have a lot of people at this

232

00:08:31,589 --> 00:08:29,919

end and a lot of people at this end

233

00:08:34,790 --> 00:08:31,599

indicating that the people at the the

234

00:08:36,070 --> 00:08:34,800

younger people are unable to get jobs

235

00:08:38,149 --> 00:08:36,080

in the field

236

00:08:39,750 --> 00:08:38,159

and there's a bunch of basically there's

237

00:08:41,509 --> 00:08:39,760

a bunch of grad students working for a

238

00:08:43,829 --> 00:08:41,519

bunch of old farts

239

00:08:45,910 --> 00:08:43,839

that would be unhealthy

240

00:08:48,310 --> 00:08:45,920

and the fact that they keep showing up

241

00:08:49,990 --> 00:08:48,320

to the conferences also indicates a

242

00:08:57,829 --> 00:08:50,000

level of interest and participation in

243

00:09:02,790 --> 00:09:00,150

are you going to compare that with the

244

00:09:05,829 --> 00:09:02,800

astrobiology conference in europe

245

00:09:07,350 --> 00:09:05,839

um well probably not because the next

246

00:09:09,030 --> 00:09:07,360

phase of this research is to pick

247

00:09:11,269 --> 00:09:09,040

another discipline

248

00:09:12,150 --> 00:09:11,279

probably one that's like how do you say

249

00:09:14,070 --> 00:09:12,160

uh

250

00:09:15,670 --> 00:09:14,080

more well developed along the lines like

251

00:09:17,030 --> 00:09:15,680

it's been around for a lot longer and

252

00:09:18,949 --> 00:09:17,040

then to see if they have a similar

253

00:09:21,590 --> 00:09:18,959

pattern or a different pattern because i

254

00:09:23,910 --> 00:09:21,600

can't really talk about uh you know do a

255

00:09:28,949 --> 00:09:23,920

lot of strong conclusions until i get

256

00:09:39,670 --> 00:09:30,630

any other questions

257

00:09:43,990 --> 00:09:41,590

yeah i'm not sure if your um your data

258

00:09:46,470 --> 00:09:44,000

can can give an answer to that but did

259

00:09:48,310 --> 00:09:46,480

you get an idea how multidisciplinary

260

00:09:50,630 --> 00:09:48,320

the field really is i mean are people

261

00:09:52,790 --> 00:09:50,640

like really just presenting

262

00:09:55,030 --> 00:09:52,800

projects from their particular field or

263

00:09:57,190 --> 00:09:55,040

how many of the projects are actually

264

00:09:58,949 --> 00:09:57,200

combination of different fields did you

265

00:10:00,310 --> 00:09:58,959

get an idea about that well that's

266

00:10:01,990 --> 00:10:00,320

actually an incredibly difficult

267

00:10:03,990 --> 00:10:02,000

question to answer because just reading

268

00:10:04,870 --> 00:10:04,000

the titles and abstracts it's hard to

269

00:10:06,070 --> 00:10:04,880

place

270

00:10:07,910 --> 00:10:06,080

what uh

271

00:10:09,670 --> 00:10:07,920

field the person's presenting it the

272

00:10:10,710 --> 00:10:09,680

only thing i could really do is let them

273

00:10:12,550 --> 00:10:10,720

tell me

274

00:10:15,190 --> 00:10:12,560

what their field was

275

00:10:16,710 --> 00:10:15,200

and i did that by looking at their cvs

276

00:10:19,430 --> 00:10:16,720

and also well digging through a lot of

277

00:10:21,670 --> 00:10:19,440

different databases but primarily cvs so

278

00:10:24,389 --> 00:10:21,680

if somebody said i graduated with a phd

279

00:10:25,829 --> 00:10:24,399

in chemistry i said okay put you on

280

00:10:27,509 --> 00:10:25,839

there for chemistry

281

00:10:29,269 --> 00:10:27,519

but it was almost impossible to do it

282

00:10:32,550 --> 00:10:29,279

from abstracts